## Prior Knowledge (from Reception)

(3) Counting objects, actions and sounds.

- Linking the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value
- Counting beyond ten
- Comparing numbers
- Understanding the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers
(2) Subitising (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5

| Number |  | Working Towards | Within | Expected | Above |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , or from any given number |  |  |  |  |
|  | Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s |  |  |  |  |
|  | Count in multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10s |  |  |  |  |
|  | Identify 1 more and 1 less |  |  |  |  |
|  | Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least |  |  |  |  |
|  | Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. |  |  |  |  |

Highlights: $\qquad$


## Glossary

| vocabulary | word class | definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| number | noun | a symbol or word that tells you how many of something there are; a numeral or figure |
| place value | noun | the numerical value that a digit has by virtue of its position in a number |
| forwards | adverb | in the normal order or sequence |
| backwards | adverb | in reverse of the usual direction or order |
| multiples | noun | a number that may be divided by another a certain number of times without a <br> remainder |
| more > |  | a greater or additional amount of something |
| most |  | greatest in amount, quantity, or degree |
| less < |  | used to emphasize how small a number is |
| fewest |  | being the same in quantity, size, degree, or value |
| equal (to) = | adjective | number | a group or unit of ten people or things | a quantity of something |
| :--- |
| tens |
| ones |
| number |




| Ordering Numbers |
| :--- |
| smallest to greatest $\longrightarrow 55,67,89,91,100 ~$ <br> greatest to smallest $\longrightarrow 99,82,73,68,50 ~$ |

## Counting in Fives



| Key Vocabulary |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| one | $\square$ |
| two | DCI |
| three | DOPO |
| four | AOMO |
| five | Pandia |
| six |  |
| seven | Bancman |
| eight |  |
| nine | OSOODSODOOL |
| ten | Wmom |


| Key Vocabulary |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| eleven | 4Tmmo |
| twelve |  |
| thirteen | $\frac{\mathrm{DOU}}{\square 1 m m}$ |
| fourteen | anom |
| fifteen |  |
| sixteen |  |
| seventeen | $\begin{array}{r} \text { DOOO } \\ \square 100001 \end{array}$ |
| eighteen |  |
| nincteen |  |
| twenty |  |

## Partitioning

64 has 6 tens and 4 ones


| Tens | Ones |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 4 |

## Future Learning

Year 2

- Count in steps of 2,3 , and 5 from 0 , and in 10s from any number, forwards and backwards
- Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number ( $10 \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{~s}$ )
- Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line
- Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100 ; use $<,>$ and $=$ signs
- Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words
- Use place value and number facts to solve problems


## Year 6

- Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 (ten million) and determine the value of each digit

| Millions |  |  |  | Thousands |  |  |  | Ones |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $H$ | $T$ | 0 | $H$ | $T$ | 0 | $H$ | $T$ | 0 |  |  |

