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Prior Knowledge (from Reception)

Compare length, weight and capacity

Can compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity

measurement			Within	Expected	Above
		Towards			
Ē	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths, heights, mass, weight, capacity, volume and time.				
E	Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes				
	Sequence events in chronological order using language				
	Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years				
	Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.				
Highlights: _	·		L		



Glossary

vocabulary	word class	definition
length	noun	the measurement or extent of something from end to end; the greater of two or the greatest of three
		dimensions of an object
height	noun	the measurement of someone or something from head to foot or from base to top
mass	noun	(in general use) weight
weight	noun	a body's relative mass or the quantity of matter contained by it, giving rise to a downward force; the
		heaviness of a person or thing
capacity	noun	the maximum amount that something can contain
volume	noun	the amount of space that a substance or object occupies, or that is enclosed within a container
time	noun	a point of time as measured in hours and minutes past midnight or noon
before	adv/prep	during the period of time preceding a particular event or time
after	prep/adv	in the time following (an event or another period of time)
next	adv/adj	(of a day of the week) nearest (or the nearest but one) after the present
today	adv/noun	at the present period of time; nowadays
yesterday	adv/noun	on the day before today
tomorrow	adv/noun	on the day after today
morning	noun	the period of time between midnight and noon, especially from sunrise to noon
afternoon	noun	the time from noon or lunchtime to evening
evening	noun	the period of time at the end of the day, usually from about 6 p.m. to bedtime
day	noun	each of the twenty-four-hour periods, reckoned from one midnight to the next, into which a week,
-		month, or year is divided, and corresponding to a rotation of the earth on its axis
week	noun	a period of seven days
month	noun	each of the twelve named periods into which a year is divided
year	noun	the period of 365 days (or 366 days in leap years) starting from the first of January, used for reckoning
		time in ordinary circumstances
clock	noun	a mechanical or electrical device for measuring time, indicating hours, minutes, and sometimes
		seconds by hands on a round dial or by displayed figures



Resources





Future Learning

Year 2

- Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels
- Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =</p>
- Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value
- Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money
- Ø Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change
- Compare and sequence intervals of time
- Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.
- Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day

Year 6

- Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to 2 decimal places where appropriate
 Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to
- a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to 3 decimal places Convert between miles and kilometres
- Convert between miles and kilometres
 Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa
- Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes
- Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles
- Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and extending to other units